Treatment of Rheumatoid Arthritis Based on the Inherent Bioactivity of Black Phosphorus Nanosheets

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Supplementary Figure 1. Size distribution and zeta potential of BPNSs are determined by DLS.



Supplementary Figure 2. Characterization and antioxidant capacities of HCeO₂ NPs. (A, B) Representative TEM images of (A) SiO₂ NPs and (B) HCeO₂ NPs. (C) The X-ray diffraction spectrum of HCeO₂ NPs. (D-F) The scavenging rates of HCeO₂ NPs for (D) \cdot OH, (E) H₂O₂ and (F) O₂ \cdot . For (D-G), n=3 independent experiments, indicating 3 biological replicates.



Supplementary Figure 3. Tracking of the autophagic process in control cells (NC), RA-SFs and BPNSs-treated RA-SFs. (A) Representative confocal microscopy images of mCherry-GFP-LC3B expression in control cells (NC), RA-SFs and BPNSs-treated RA-SFs. (B, C) Quantification of green dots, red dots, and the ratio of green to red dots represented by (A). The co-labeling of GFP and mCherry indicates the presence of early-stage autophagosomes, while the single labeling of mCherry represents late-stage autophagosomes. Scale bar, 40 μ m. N=3 batches of cells per group. The normality of data was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. Significance of difference was determined through one-way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. Significance levels are denoted as **p < 0.01, ***p < 0.001, and nsp: not significant. NC, negative control, normal SFs without LPS induction.



Supplementary Figure 4. The lactate levels in control cells (NC), RA-SFs and BPNSs-treated RA-SFs. N=3 batches of cells per group. The normality of data was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. Significance of difference was determined through one-way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. The significance level is denoted as ***p < 0.001. NC, negative control, normal SFs without LPS induction.

BMDMs M1 BMDMs





Caspase-3

Supplementary Figure 5. Representative bright-field images of normal BMDMs, M1 BMDMs and BPNSs-treated M1 BMDMs. Scale bar, 200 µm.



Supplementary Figure 6. The mRNA expression levels of *caspase-3* in control cells (NC), M1 BMDMs and BPNSs-treated M1 BMDMs. N=3 batches of cells per group. The normality of data was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. Significance of difference was determined through one-way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. Significance levels are denoted as *p < 0.05 and $n^{s}p$: not significant. NC, negative control, normal BMDMs without LPS induction.



Supplementary Figure 7. Representative flow cytometry plots and quantification of apoptotic BMDMs treated with or without BPNSs. The apoptotic cells included those in the early (Q1-LR) and late (Q1-UR) stages of apoptosis. N=3 batches of cells per group. The normality of data was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. Significance of difference was determined through Student's t-test. The significance level is denoted as ****p < 0.0001.



Supplementary Figure 8. Cell viability of BMDMs treated with different concentrations of BPNSs. The values were quantified with a CCK-8 kit from 3 independent replicates (n=3).



Supplementary Figure 9. Representative immunofluorescence images and quantification of intracellular ROS levels in control cells (NC), M1 BMDMs and BPNSs-treated M1 BMDMs. The ROS level is represented by the average fluorescence intensity of DCF labeling. N=3 batches of cells per group, indicating 3 biological replicates. The normality of data was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. Significance of difference was determined through one-way ANOVA with Tukey's *post hoc* test. Significance levels are denoted as ****p < 0.0001 and ^{ns}p: not significant. Scale bar, 200 μ m. NC, negative control, normal BMDMs without LPS induction.



Supplementary Figure 10. Representative immunofluorescence images and quantification of intracellular ROS levels in BMDMs treated with or without BPNSs. The ROS level is represented by the fluorescence intensity of DCF labeling. N=3 batches of cells per group, indicating 3 biological replicates. The normality of data was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. Significance of difference was determined through Student's t-test. The significance level is denoted as **p < 0.01. Scale bar, 200 μ m.



Supplementary Figure 11. Representative bright-field images of BMDMs, M1 BMDMs, SFs and RA-SFs treated with BPNSs respectively. The black dots represent BPNSs. Scale bar, 50 µm and 20 µm.



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Supplementary Figure 12. Biosafety assessment of BPNSs *in vivo*. (A) Representative H&E staining images of major organs (heart, liver, spleen, lung, and kidney) from control mice and CIA mice with or without BPNSs treatment (5 mg/kg). Scale bar, 50 μm. The wild-type mice and CIA mice injected with PBS were used as the negative control and positive control for RA-related pathology, respectively. (B) Quantification of renal and hepatic parameters of mice described in (A). The values were quantified from 3 mice per group (n=3). The normality of data was evaluated with the Shapiro-Wilk test. Significance of difference was determined through one-way ANOVA. The significance level is denoted as ^{ns}p: not significant.